

BEGIN — MARCH 1, 1960

30.24-10127

A136 (180)

NIGHT LEAD FLIGHTS

BERLIN, MARCH 1 (AP)—OBSERVERS WERE PUZZLED TODAY OVER WHY THE WESTERN ALLIES HAVE DECIDED TO DEFEY THE SOVIETS AND SEND HIGH-FLYING PLANES INTO THE ISOLATED OUTPOST OF WEST BERLIN.

WEST BERLIN, 110 MILES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN, IS PLENTIFULLY SUPPLIED BY RAIL, ROAD AND AIR.

THE SOVIETS MAINTAIN PLANES MUST KEEP BELOW 10,000 FEET WHEN THEY FLY INTO BERLIN FROM THE WEST. THE WESTERN POWERS SAY THEY CAN FLY AT ANY HEIGHT THEY PLEASE.

THE NEWS THAT MILITARY JETS ARE TO BE SENT IN AT HIGH ALTITUDES TOOK OFFICIALS IN BERLIN BY SURPRISE. THE RUSSIAN REACTION WAS MILD AND RESERVED. AN EMBASSY SPOKESMAN SAID MERELY THAT SUCH FLIGHTS WOULD VIOLATE PAST PRACTICE.

INDICATIONS WERE THAT IT WOULD BE AT LEAST A FEW DAYS BEFORE THE FLIGHTS START.

--DASH--

MOSCOW, MARCH 1 (AP)—MOSCOW RADIO SAID TONIGHT THE REPORTED ALLIED INTENTION TO SEND FLIGHTS INTO WEST BERLIN ABOVE THE SOVIET-IMPOSED LIMIT OF 10,000 FEET IS "CLEARLY PROVOCATIVE."

THE RADIO WARNED THAT ANY SUCH FLIGHTS COULD LESSEN THE CHANCES OF SUCCESS OF THE COMING EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING.

"IT NEED HARDLY BE SAID THAT METHODS OF PRESSURE...CLEARLY OFFER NO OPPORTUNITIES IN NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION," THE BROADCAST SAID.

"THE POLICY OF PRESSURE IS DANGEROUS BECAUSE IT MAY POISON THE SITUATION AND RENDER MORE DIFFICULT THE SEARCH FOR MUTUALLY ACCEPTABLE SOLUTIONS."

SF&JA1101PES

A122 (320)

BY REINHOLD ENSZ

BERLIN, MARCH 1 (AP)—THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN EAST BERLIN SAID TODAY RESUMPTION OF HIGH-ALTITUDE FLIGHTS TO BERLIN BY WESTERN BIG THREE PLANES WOULD BE "VIOLATING PAST PRACTICES."

BUT AN EMBASSY SPOKESMAN DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER SOVIET FIGHTER PLANES WOULD BE SENT UP AGAINST U. S., BRITISH OR FRENCH PLANES FLYING ABOVE THE 10,000-FOOT CEILING IMPOSED BY THE RUSSIANS ON ISOLATED BERLIN'S AIR CORRIDORS.

SOVIET FIGHTER PLANES BUZZED BUT DID NOT ATTACK U. S. SUPPLY PLANES LAST APRIL WHEN THEY DEFIED THE CEILING RULE. NONE OF THE BIG THREE RECOGNIZES THE CEILING.

THE UNITED STATES HALTED THE HIGH ALTITUDE FLIGHTS AT THE PROMPTING OF THE BRITISH, WHO FEARED A SERIOUS INCIDENT. A REPORT FROM WASHINGTON YESTERDAY SAID THE ALLIES ARE NOTIFYING THE RUSSIANS OF THEIR INTENTION TO RESUME THE HIGH ALTITUDE FLIGHTS.

"IF WE GET SOMETHING CONCRETE IN THE FORM OF A NOTE," THE SOVIET SPOKESMAN SAID, "THEN WE CAN TALK ABOUT IT. NATURALLY WE WOULD HAVE TO TALK WITH OUR ALLIES, ESPECIALLY THE GDR (COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY) ABOUT IT."

HE INDICATED THAT ANY HIGH ALTITUDE FLIGHTS WOULD BE CONSIDERED A VIOLATION OF EAST GERMANY'S AIR SPACE.

IN WASHINGTON RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES SAID PLANS ARE BEING MADE FOR A NEW FLIGHT ABOVE THE 10,000-FOOT ALTITUDE DESPITE SOVIET OBJECTIONS.

THESE SOURCES SAID A DATE FOR THE FLIGHT HAS NOT BEEN FIXED, BUT THAT THE SOVIETS WILL BE NOTIFIED SHORTLY BEFORE THE FIRST HIGH ALTITUDE PLANE TAKES OFF FROM WEST GERMANY WITH SUPPLIES FOR THE WEST GARRISON IN THAT DIVIDED CITY.

THE PLAN APPARENTLY IS TO TREAT THE FLIGHT AS A NORMAL SUPPLY MISSION, GIVING NO MORE ADVANCE INFORMATION THAN PROVIDED FOR ROUTINE LOW ALTITUDE TRIPS.

THIS WOULD BE IN KEEPING WITH THE WESTERN VIEWPOINT THAT THE SOVIETS HAVE NO RIGHT TO SET ALTITUDE LIMITS.

INFORMED OFFICIALS SAID THAT FLIGHT PROBABLY WILL BE MADE BY A C130 TURBOPROP--THE SAME TYPE OF PLANE THAT MADE THE FLIGHT 10 MONTHS AGO. THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS SAID SUCH A PLANE OPERATES BEST AT HIGHER ALTITUDES.

THE ALLIED DECISION TO RESUME HIGH-ALTITUDE FLIGHTS IS CONSIDERED A BOLD MOVE TO COUNTER THE INCREASING PRESSURE THE SOVIET UNION HAS BEEN PUTTING ON WEST BERLIN, 110 MILES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN.

WHEN LAST SPRING'S FLIGHTS WERE MADE, THERE WAS FEAR IN THE WEST THAT THERE MIGHT BE ANOTHER GROUND BLOCKADE OF BERLIN.

THE FLIGHTS HAD A TWO-FOLD PURPOSE: (1) TO DEMONSTRATE THAT GIANT C130 CARGO PLANES--WHICH FLY MORE EFFICIENTLY AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 10,000 FEET--COULD BE USED TO SUPPLY WEST BERLIN AND (2) TO SHOW THAT THE ALLIES WOULD NOT ALLOW THE RUSSIANS TO DICTATE TO THEM ON FLIGHT LEVELS OR ANYTHING ELSE INVOLVING BERLIN.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE BRITISH MISSION SAID HE KNEW OF NO ADVANCE WORD HAVING BEEN DELIVERED HERE OF A RESUMPTION OF HIGH ALTITUDE FLIGHTS.

IN PARIS, A FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID HE KNEW OF NO PLANS FOR HIGH LEVEL FLYING TO BEGIN IMMEDIATELY BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND WEST BERLIN.

JS1021AES

(430) AMS BUDGET

BERLIN

BY JOHN SCALI

A16Wx

WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)—THE WESTERN BIG THREE UNEXPECTEDLY DELAYED TODAY NOTIFYING RUSSIA OF THEIR INTENTION OF DEFEYING WHAT THEY SAY IS A SOVIET-IMPOSED 10,000-FOOT CEILING ON SUPPLY FLIGHTS TO WEST BERLIN.

TOP OFFICIALS GAVE NO EXPLANATION FOR THE DELAY. BUT THEY INSISTED IT DID NOT CHANGE THE JOINT DECISION TO RESUME SUCH FLIGHTS SOON--REGARDLESS OF SOVIET OBJECTION.

FOR THE SECOND STRAIGHT DAY, THE STATE DEPARTMENT REFUSED TO CONFIRM OR DENY REPORTS OF SUCH AN AMERICAN-BRITISH-FRENCH PLAN.

A SPOKESMAN, HOWEVER, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE:

"THERE IS NO ALTITUDE LIMITATION WHATSOEVER THAT WE RECOGNIZE."

PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE, IN MAKING THE COMMENT, SHRUGGED ASIDE A WARNING FROM SOVIET AUTHORITIES IN EAST GERMANY THAT SUCH FLIGHTS WOULD "VIOLATE PAST PRACTICES."

A U.S. NOTE WAS TO HAVE GONE OUT YESTERDAY OFFICIALLY ADVISING THE SOVIETS OF THE ALLIED INTENTION TO SEND HIGH FLYING PLANES THROUGH ASSIGNED AIR CORRIDORS TO WEST BERLIN.

AS DRAFTED, THE NOTE WAS GENERAL IN NATURE AND DID NOT GIVE THE TIME WHEN THE FIRST SUCH FLIGHT WOULD COME. THIS INFORMATION WOULD HAVE BEEN PROVIDED LATER, BEFORE TAKEOFF, IN KEEPING WITH THE ALLIED CUSTOM OF ADVISING SOVIET AUTHORITIES IN BERLIN OF ALL SUCH SUPPLY FLIGHTS,

REGARDLESS OF ALTITUDE.

THE DELAY RAISED THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE THREE GOVERNMENTS MIGHT DECIDE AGAINST A FORMAL NOTE PUTTING THE SOVIETS ON NOTICE. SOME AUTHORITIES ARE KNOWN TO BELIEVE THAT ADVANCE NOTICE AT A LOCAL BERLIN LEVEL INSTEAD OF GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT LEVEL WOULD BE BETTER.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE BACKING THE AMERICAN-SPONSORED MOVE RELUCTANTLY. BRITISH OBJECTION PLAYED A BIG PART IN CONVINCING THE STATE DEPARTMENT TO CALL OFF SUCH FLIGHTS LAST APRIL AFTER SOVIET FIGHTERS BUZZED, BUT DID NOT ATTACK, TWO C130 TURBOJETS USED ON THE MISSIONS.

THE FOUR-ENGINE C130, WHICH CAN CARRY 35,000 POUNDS OF CARGO, WOULD BE THE PLANE PICKED TO MAKE THE FIRST TEST FLIGHT WHEN THE TIME COMES, OFFICIALS SAID. THIS PLANE OPERATES BEST AT 15,000 FEET AND HIGHER.

THE DECISION TO RESUME SUCH FLIGHTS WOULD AMOUNT TO CLEAR NOTICE TO MOSCOW OF AN ALLIED DETERMINATION TO OPERATE AN AIRLIFT TO WEST BERLIN WITH BIG PLANES IN THE EVENT THE EAST GERMANS SEEK TO CUT OFF LAND AND WATER ROUTES.

THE C130 PLANES CARRY NEARLY TWICE AS MUCH CARGO AS THE OLD C54 PROPELLOR-DRIVEN SKYMASTERS WHICH WERE THE MAINSTAY OF THE ALLIED AIRLIFT TO BELEAGUERED WEST BERLIN IN THE LAST SOVIET BLOCKAGE A DOZEN YEARS AGO.

MOST AUTHORITIES ARE CONVINCED THE SOVIETS WILL AVOID MAKING A MAJOR SHOWDOWN OUT OF THE ISSUE.

IT IS BELIEVED SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV WILL OBJECT, PERHAPS STRONGLY, BUT WILL AVOID ANY USE OF FORCE LEST IT UPSET PLANS FOR THE SUMMIT MEETING SCHEDULED IN PARIS MAY 15.

JK307PES

A137 (160)

NIGHT LEAD DEFENSE

LONDON, MARCH 1 (AP)-SOCIALIST LEADER HUGH GAITSKELL ASSERTED TONIGHT THAT BRITAIN MUST HAVE ITS OWN HYDROGEN BOMB IN CASE THE UNITED STATES SHIED AWAY FROM A NUCLEAR SHOWDOWN.

IN PARLIAMENTARY DEFENSE DEBATE, GAITSKELL VOICED FEARS THAT THE UNITED STATES MIGHT PROVE RELUCTANT TO INVITE DESTRUCTION OF AMERICAN CITIES BY FIRING OFF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO DEFEND EUROPE.

HE ALSO VISUALIZED A SITUATION IN WHICH BRITAIN COULD BE AT ODDS ON SOME ISSUE WITH THE UNITED STATES WHILE BEING THREATENED BY THE RUSSIANS.

"THEN," GAITSKELL TOLD THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, "IF RUSSIA KNEW WE HAD THE POWER TO INFLICT SERIOUS DAMAGE UPON THEM, THAT WOULD BE A FACTOR THEY WOULD TAKE INTO ACCOUNT."

THE LABOR PARTY WAS CHALLENGING THE GOVERNMENT DEFENSE PROGRAM ON GROUNDS THE COUNTRY WAS GETTING TOO LITTLE PROTECTION FOR TOO MUCH MONEY.

SPECIFICALLY THE LABORITES ARGUED THAT THE AMERICAN-SUPPLIED THOR MISSILES NOW BASED ON STATIC SITES IN BRITAIN SHOULD BE SCRAPPED IN FAVOR OF POLARIS MISSILES MOUNTED IN SUBMARINES.

CONSERVATIVE LEGISLATORS REJECTED AN OPPOSITION MOTION OF NO CONFIDENCE BY 330 VOTES TO 197.

JA1106PES

A114

FIRST LEAD REFUGEES

LONDON, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT PROTESTED TO PEIPING TODAY AGAINST AN ASSERTED VIOLATION OF HONG KONG TERRITORY BY RED CHINESE TROOPS.

THE BRITISH CHARGED THE TROOPS CAPTURED A GROUP OF CHINESE REFUGEES SEEKING SANCTUARY IN HONG KONG.

THE CHINESE FOREIGN MINISTRY IN PEIPING REFUSED TO ACCEPT THE NOTE ON THE GROUNDS THAT IT HAD NO INFORMATION ABOUT THE INCIDENT.

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE GOVERNMENT REGARDS THE CHINESE ACTION SUNDAY AS AN AFFRONT TO BRITISH SOVEREIGNTY. HONG KONG IS A BRITISH CROWN COLONY.

TWO REFUGEES WHO ESCAPED TOLD BRITISH AUTHORITIES CHINESE SOLDIERS ABOARD A MOTOR VESSEL PURSUED AND FIRED AT THE GROUP AS IT SOUGHT TO FLEE IN A JUNK.

THE FUGITIVES LEAPED ASHORE AT A DESERTED PROMONTORY 6 MILES INSIDE BRITISH TERRITORY, BUT THE SOLDIERS FOLLOWED AND ROUNDED UP 25 OF THEM, ACCORDING TO THE TWO ESCAPEES. FISHERMEN WHO WITNESSED THE CHASE CONFIRMED THEIR STORY.

JLAWHQJAFS

A156

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MARCH 1 (AP)-SEVEN OF RED CHINA'S GUNBOATS JUMPED A NATIONALIST 50-TON MOTOR JUNK NORTH OF THE MATSU ISLANDS TODAY AND PROBABLY SANK IT, THE NATIONALIST DEFENSE MINISTRY ANNOUNCED.

THE JUNK WAS REPORTED ATTACKED, HIT AND BADLY DAMAGED BY THE COMMUNIST VESSELS AFTER LOSING ITS WAY IN A FOG.

THE MINISTRY REFUSED TO DISCLOSE HOW MANY CREWMEN THE JUNK CARRIED, BUT SAID IT WAS OF A TYPE NORMALLY USED AS A DISPATCH BOAT AND WAS EQUIPPED WITH ONLY LIGHT ARMS.

JS1227PES

B22 (180)

-17- (Q)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE TOP U.S. ARMY COMMANDER ON FORMOSA SAID TODAY THE CHINESE NATIONALIST ARMED FORCES REPRESENT "A VERY SIGNIFICANT FORCE IN THE BALANCE OF POWER IN SOUTHEAST ASIA."

"THESE FORCES," MAJ. GEN. LEANDER I. DOAN TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE, "HAVE PROVEN THEIR CAPABILITIES IN COMBAT AND ARE RECOGNIZED AS A SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTOR TO NON-COMMUNIST STRENGTH IN THE FAR EAST."

DOAN IS CHIEF OF THE U.S. MILITARY ASSISTANCE ADVISORY GROUP (MAAG) IN FORMOSA. HE ALSO MADE THESE POINTS:

1. THE GROUND DEFENSE OF FORMOSA, THE PESCADORES, QUEMOY AND MATSU ISLANDS HAS BEEN CONSIDERABLY STRENGTHENED.

2. WITH THE INSTALLATION OF U.S. NIKE-HERCULES MISSILES NOW MANNED BY THE NATIONALISTS, THE AIR DEFENSE OF FORMOSA HAS BEEN SIGNIFICANTLY IMPROVED.

3. THE PATROL, AMPHIBIOUS AND ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE CAPABILITY OF THE CHINESE NATIONALIST NAVY CONTINUES TO DEVELOP.

4. THE CHINESE NATIONALIST AIR FORCE IS AT A HIGH STATE OF EFFICIENCY.

DOAN DISCLOSED THERE HAD BEEN A REDUCTION IN THE SIZE OF MAAG ON FORMOSA JUST BEFORE HIS ARRIVAL HERE 18 MONTHS AGO--"I BELIEVE IT WAS IN THE NATURE OF 25 PER CENT."

SINCE THAT TIME, HE SAID, THERE HAS NOT BEEN ANY SIGNIFICANT REDUCTION BUT HE EXPECTS A VERY SMALL ONE WITHIN THE NEXT MONTH OR TWO.

KS415PES

A91KA

(120)

HONOLULU, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE OPERATING SUBMARINES IN THE PACIFIC, THE U. S. NAVY'S TOP AUTHORITY ON HUNTING THE UNDERSEA CRAFT SAID TODAY.

VICE ADM. JOHN S. THACH TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THERE ARE MORE THAN 100 COMMUNIST SUBMARINES IN THE PACIFIC, OF WHICH 20 ARE CHINESE AND THE BALANCE RUSSIAN.

THE CHINESE APPARENTLY ARE PUTTING SUBS TOGETHER WITH PARTS OBTAINED FROM THE RUSSIANS AND ARE GETTING BETTER ALL THE TIME, THACH

SAID.

MEANWHILE, IN SAN DIEGO, CALIF., THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF NATIONALIST CHINA'S NAVY, ADM. NI YUE-SI, SAID HE HAD TALKED TO ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE, CHIEF OF U. S. NAVAL OPERATIONS, ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF OBTAINING SEVERAL LAID UP U. S. SUBMARINES.
FJ732PCS

A174WX

(200) RED CHINA
WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)--THE U.S. FOREIGN AID CHIEF PREDICTED TODAY THAT COMMUNIST CHINA'S GROWING ECONOMIC STRENGTH MAY SET OFF "AN IMPORTANT POWER SHIFT" IN ASIA AND THE FAR EAST IN ABOUT 10 YEARS. JAMES W. RIDDLEBERGER, DIRECTOR OF THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION, TOLD THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE THAT 10 YEARS FROM NOW RED CHINA MAY BE ABLE TO SWING MORE POWER IN THE WORLD THAN RUSSIA COULD AT THE BEGINNING OF WORLD WAR II.

RIDDLEBERGER CONTINUED:
"IF COMMUNIST CHINA CONTINUES ITS RAPID ECONOMIC GROWTH OVER THE NEXT DECADE--A REAL POSSIBILITY--THERE WILL BE AN IMPORTANT POWER SHIFT IN THE FAR EAST AND SOUTHEAST ASIA."

"THE FREE WORLD RESPONSE TO THIS POWER WILL, OF COURSE, DEPEND UPON THE ATTITUDES OF COMMUNIST CHINA IN THE CONDUCT OF ITS INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. BUT WE MUST NOT BE CAUGHT BY AN ECONOMIC OR POLITICAL PEARL HARBOR."

RIDDLEBERGER SAID THAT BY THE REFERENCE TO PEARL HARBOR HE HAS IN MIND THE DANGER OF A POLITICAL-ECONOMIC-SOCIAL OFFENSIVE BY THE CHINESE WHICH MIGHT OVERWHELM "THE COUNTRIES ALONG THE ARC OF FREE ASIA FROM AFGHANISTAN TO KOREA."

ARGUING FOR CONTINUATION OF THE UNITED STATES FOREIGN AID PROGRAM, AND PARTICULARLY FOR GRANT AID, RIDDLEBERGER SAID THAT GOODS AND OTHER ASSISTANCE GIVEN TO THE NON-COMMUNIST COUNTRIES OF ASIA WILL PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN HELPING DEVELOP INTERNAL ECONOMIC STRENGTH AGAINST EXTERNAL COMMUNIST PRESSURES.

JC146PES

A65

NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV (310)

BY HENRY S. BRADSHAW

CALCUTTA, INDIA, MARCH 1 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AND NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV RENEWED THEIR PRIVATE TALKS TODAY. COMMUNIST CHINA WAS A LOGICAL SUBJECT.

THE SOVIET PREMIER AND THE INDIAN LEADER MET FOR 45 MINUTES WITH ONLY INTERPRETERS PRESENT. NEHRU TRAVELED FROM NEW DELHI TO SEE HIM, AND KHRUSHCHEV STOPPED OFF HERE ESPECIALLY FOR THE MEETING. HE IS ON THE WAY HOME FROM INDONESIA VIA AFGHANISTAN AFTER TALKING WITH NEHRU IN NEW DELHI ONLY TWO WEEKS AGO.

NEHRU HAS SINCE AGREED TO MEET WITH PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI OF COMMUNIST CHINA FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE DISPUTE BETWEEN PEIPING AND NEW DELHI OVER 51,000 SQUARE MILES OF HIMALAYAN BORDER TERRITORY. THERE WAS SPECULATION KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT HAVE BROUGHT SOME WORD FROM PEIPING ON THE DISPUTE.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS CAST HIMSELF AS THE VOICE OF MODERATION IN THE DISPUTE AND TRIED TO AVOID TAKING SIDES.

NEHRU MET KHRUSHCHEV AT THE AIRPORT TODAY. THEY DRIVE INTO THE CITY TOGETHER. CROWDS WERE THIN, PERHAPS BECAUSE OF THE MIDDAY HEAT AND BECAUSE KHRUSHCHEV HAS BEEN HERE SEVERAL TIMES BEFORE.

ANOTHER VISITOR TO CALCUTTA WAS U NU, FORMER PRIME MINISTER OF BURMA. HIS PARTY RECENTLY WON A BIG ELECTION VICTORY AND HE IS DUE TO HEAD A NEW GOVERNMENT SOON.

A BURMESE GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE VISIT WAS PURELY PRIVATE AND U NU DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN ANY TALKS. HOWEVER, U NU WAS INVITED TO JOIN NEHRU AND KHRUSHCHEV AT A STATE BANQUET GIVEN FOR THE SOVIET PREMIER BY MRS. PADMAIA NAYDU, GOVERNOR OF WEST BENGAL STATE.

30.24-10129

A RANGOON NEWSPAPER REPORTED THE PURPOSE OF THE TRIP WAS FOR U NU TO TRY TO ORGANIZE A CONFERENCE OF ASIAN AND AFRICAN LEADERS SIMILAR TO THE 1955 MEETING IN BANDUNG.

KHRUSHCHEV ADDRESSED A CROWD OF 15,000 IN THE CALCUTTA CRICKET STADIUM, WHERE HE DREW MODERATE APPLAUSE.

HE TOLD HIS AUDIENCE THE SOVIET UNION DOES NOT WANT TO USE THE FORCE OF ARMS IN EITHER DIPLOMACY OR POLITICS AND PLEDGED CONTINUED AID TO INDIA'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

IT WAS IN CALCUTTA ON FEB. 15--ONLY AFTER HE LEFT NEHRU--THAT HE ASSAILED WESTERN ECONOMIC AID AS A DOLE TO KEEP BACKWARD NATIONS IN SLAVERY AND PRAISED SOVIET ECONOMIC HELP. KHRUSHCHEV AVOIDED TAKING THAT LINE WITH NEHRU PRESENT TODAY.

SMJJA651PES

A81 (300)

TOKYO, MARCH 1 (AP)--THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT TODAY REJECTED A SOVIET PROTEST AGAINST THE NEW JAPAN-U.S. SECURITY PACT AND SIMULTANEOUSLY APPROVED AN AGREEMENT FOR MORE THAN 400 MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF TRADE WITH THE RUSSIANS.

IN A NOTE HANDED TO SOVIET AMBASSADOR NICOLAI FEDORENKO, PREMIER NOBUSUKI KISHI'S GOVERNMENT SAID THE SOVIET UNION HAS NOTHING TO FEAR FROM THE SECURITY TREATY. RUSSIA'S INSISTENCE THAT THE PACT IS AGGRESSIVE IS "NOT CONDUCIVE TOWARD CONTRIBUTING TO THE MAINTENANCE OF WORLD PEACE," THE NOTE ASSERTED.

THE JAPANESE SAID THE TREATY IS PURELY DEFENSIVE AND CANNOT BE INVOKED UNLESS JAPAN IS ATTACKED.

THE NOTE REITERATED TOKYO'S STAND THAT RUSSIA CANNOT UNILATERALLY BACK OUT OF ITS 1956 PROMISE TO RETURN THE HABOMAI AND SHIKOTAN ISLANDS TO JAPAN. IT ALSO RENEWED JAPAN'S CLAIM TO THE SOUTHERN KURILES--KUNASHIRI AND ETOROFU ISLANDS--NOW OCCUPIED BY RUSSIA. THE ISLANDS HAVE ALWAYS BEEN JAPANESE TERRITORY, THE NOTE ASSERTED.

FOREIGN MINISTER AIICHIRO FUJIYAMA TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE JAPAN MAY IGNORE ANY FURTHER SOVIET PROTESTS ON THE U.S.-JAPANESE PACT, WHICH NOW IS THE SUBJECT OF A HEATED PRE-RATIFICATION DEBATE IN THE JAPANESE PARLIAMENT.

JAPAN'S NOTE REPLIED TO A SOVIET PROTEST OF FEB. 24. COMMUNIST RADIOS IN MOSCOW, PEIPING AND OTHER IRON CURTAIN CAPITALS HAVE BEEN KEEPING UP A DRUMFIRE OF ATTACK ON JAPAN. SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV DURING HIS INDONESIAN TOUR LAST WEEK WARNED JAPAN SHE WAS PLAYING "A DANGEROUS GAME."

THE RUSSIANS HAVE THREATENED TO HOLD ON TO HABOMAI AND SHIKOTAN, OFF HOKKAIDO, NORTHERN JAPAN, UNLESS THE TREATY IS JUNKED AND U.S. TROOPS DRIVEN FROM JAPANESE SOIL.

THE TRADE AGREEMENT WAS CONCLUDED AFTER TWO AND A HALF MONTHS OF NEGOTIATIONS IN TOKYO. KISHI'S CABINET APPROVED IT TODAY.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE PACT CALLS FOR A THREE-YEAR TRADE PROGRAM OF MORE THAN 200 MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF BUSINESS EACH WAY. JAPAN'S TRADE WITH RUSSIA LAST YEAR RAN ABOUT 30 MILLION EACH WAY.

LISTED FOR EXPORT TO RUSSIA ARE A 35-MILLION-DOLLAR CHEMICAL FIBER PLANT, MORE THAN 3 MILLION DOLLARS WORTH MINING EQUIPMENT, 50,000 TONS OF STEEL, 13,000 TONS OF STAPLE FIBER, 3,000 TONS OF RAYON, AND 34 LOCOMOTIVES AND TRAIN COACHES.

RUSSIAN EXPORTS WILL INCLUDE ONE MILLION TONS OF CRUDE OIL, 100,000 TONS OF HEAVY OIL, 250,000 TONS OF PIG IRON AND 10,000 TONS OF MANGANESE.

JL722AES

NEW YORK, MARCH 1 (AP)—"IT'S LIKE A DREAM COME TRUE," JOHN ARMONAS, 55, OF WICKLIFFE, OHIO, SAID TODAY BEFORE LEAVING ON AN OCEAN FLIGHT THAT WILL REUNITE HIS FAMILY AFTER 20 YEARS. "I NEVER GAVE UP HOPE," SAID ARMONAS, A MACHINIST, AS HE AND HIS DAUGHTER, DONNA, 24, BOARDED A PLANE AT IDLEWILD AIRPORT FOR COPENHAGEN. THEY TOOK OFF AT 2:43 P.M. 13-17

"I DON'T WANT TO SAY ANYTHING UNTIL THE ACTUAL MOMENT WE ARE UNITED," SAID MISS ARMONAS, A SECRETARY, ADDING, "I WON'T BELIEVE IT'S TRUE UNTIL IT REALLY AND ACTUALLY HAPPENS." BUT RUNNING THROUGH HER MIND WERE WORDS SPOKEN LAST SEPTEMBER BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV ON HIS VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY: "LITTLE GIRL, YOU WILL SEE YOUR MOTHER VERY SOON."

SHE MET KHRUSHCHEV AT A RECEPTION LINE IN PITTSBURGH THROUGH THE INTERCESSION OF PENNSYLVANIA'S GOVERNOR, DAVID LAWRENCE, AND ASKED THE RUSSIAN LEADER TO PERMIT MRS. ARMONAS AND A SON, JOHN JR., NOW 20, TO LEAVE SOVIET LITHUANIA.

THIS IS THE BACKGROUND OF THEIR STORY: ARMONAS, AN AMERICAN CITIZEN, WAS VISITING IN LITHUANIA NEARLY 20 YEARS AGO WHEN THE RUSSIANS OCCUPIED THE COUNTRY. THE STATE DEPARTMENT ADVISED HIM TO LEAVE WITH HIS DAUGHTER, ALSO AN AMERICAN CITIZEN. HE BELIEVED THAT HIS WIFE, A LITHUANIAN, AND SON, THEN ONLY EIGHT MONTHS OLD, MIGHT REJOIN THEM IN THE UNITED STATES IN A MONTH.

HOWEVER, DIFFICULTIES DEVELOPED AND THE SEPARATION GREW INTO YEARS.

THROUGH KHRUSHCHEV'S INTERVENTION, RUSSIAN PASSPORTS AND EXIT VISAS HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO MRS. ARMONAS, 51, AND HER SON, A COLLEGE STUDENT.

THEY FLEW FROM VILNYUS (VILNA), CAPITAL OF SOVIET LITHUANIA, TO MOSCOW PREPARATORY TO A FLIGHT TO COPENHAGEN FOR THE REUNION. FROM THERE THE FAMILY WILL RETURN TOGETHER TO AMERICA.

ACCOMPANYING ARMONAS AND HIS DAUGHTER WAS AL OSTROW, A REPORTER FOR THE CLEVELAND PRESS, WHICH IS PAYING THE EXPENSES OF THE TRIP AND WHICH HELPED THE DAUGHTER CONTACT KHRUSHCHEV.

SS332PES

NEW YORK, MARCH 1 (AP)—LT. GEN. EDWARD J. O'NEILL ASSUMED COMMAND TODAY OF THE FIRST ARMY, SUCCEEDING LT. GEN. BLACKSHEAR M. BRYAN, WHO RETIRED YESTERDAY. 1960

GEN. O'NEILL, 57, HAS BEEN CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY IN EUROPE. HE BECAME THE 15TH COMMANDER OF THE FIRST ARMY, WHICH HAS HEADQUARTERS AT GOVERNORS ISLAND AND COVERS NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY AND NEW ENGLAND.

THE GENERAL'S THIRD STAR, ADVANCING HIM TO LIEUTENANT GENERAL, WAS PINNED ON HIM TODAY AT CEREMONIES IN PERSHING HALL ON GOVERNORS ISLAND, BY HIS WIFE AND BY GEN. BRUCE CLARKE, COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE U.S. ARMY COMMAND CONTINENTAL COMMAND.

THEN GEN. O'NEILL INSPECTED THE FIRST ARMY HONOR GUARD AND MET KEY STAFF OFFICERS OF FIRST ARMY HEADQUARTERS. IN HIS NEW POSITIONS HE WILL SERVE AS SENIOR ARMY REPRESENTATIVE TO THE UNITED

NATIONS MILITARY STAFF COMMITTEE.

GEN. O'NEILL WAS BORN IN ST. ALBANS, VT., AND ATTENDED THE UNIVERSITY OF VERMONT. UPON GRADUATION IN 1924 HE BEGAN HIS ARMY CAREER AS A SECOND LIEUTENANT. # 1049405

A113WX

(200) HAWK

WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)—THE MARINE CORPS WILL FORM ITS FIRST HAWK ANTIAIRCRAFT GUIDED MISSILE BATTALION THIS SPRING.

IT WILL TAKE OVER THE FUNCTION OF A CONVENTIONAL GUN BATTALION, GEN. DAVID M. SHOUP, MARINE CORPS COMMANDANT, ANNOUNCED TODAY. THE ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THE OPENING OF THE ANNUAL SEA-POWER SYMPOSIUM HERE.

THE 1ST LIGHT ANTIAIRCRAFT MISSILE BATTALION, PART OF THE FLEET MARINE FORCE OF THE PACIFIC, WILL BEGIN OPERATING AT TWENTY-NINE PALMS MARINE BASE, CALIF., ON MAY 2. ANOTHER HAWK MISSILE BATTALION IS SCHEDULED FOR FORMATION NEXT FALL.

EACH BATTALION WILL HAVE 24 LAUNCHERS AND BE MANNED BY ABOUT 600 MARINES.

THE HAWK IS AN ARMY-DEVELOPED MISSILE. THE ARMY FORCED ITS FIRST BATTALION LAST JUNE WITH ANOTHER SCHEDULED FOR EARLY THIS YEAR.

THE WEAPON CAN BE TRANSPORTED IN A HELICOPTER. IT IS LAUNCHED FROM A LIGHT, TWO-WHEELED PLATFORM MOUNTING THREE OF THE 17-FOOT LONG, 1,275 POUND MISSILES.

WITH SOLID-FUEL PROPELLANT, THE HAWK IS RATED AS CAPABLE OF SEEKING OUT AND DESTROYING PLANES OR ENEMY MISSILES TRAVELING AT ABOUT 1,500 MILE PER HOUR AT LEVELS RANGING FROM TREE TOP TO MORE THAN 38,000 FEET. IT HAS A HOMING GUIDANCE SYSTEM WHICH IGNORES ANY STATIONARY TARGET, TRACKS ONLY MOVING TARGETS.

HAWK STANDS FOR "HOMING ALL THE WAY KILLER."

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(290) ALIEN PROPERTY

WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)—LEGISLATION TO COMPENSATE AMERICANS FOR LOSS OF PROPERTY AS A RESULT OF ENEMY ACTION IN WORLD WAR II WAS PASSED TODAY BY THE HOUSE AND SENT TO THE SENATE.

THE ACTION WAS BY VOICE VOTE.

THE PAYMENTS WOULD COME FROM THE SALE OF GERMAN AND JAPANESE ASSETS SEIZED AT THE OUTBREAK OF WAR. THEY ARE ESTIMATED AT FROM 100 TO 250

MILLION DOLLARS.

THE LEGISLATION WOULD AUTHORIZE PAYMENT IN FULL OF ALL DAMAGE AND DEATH OR DISABILITY CLAIMS UP TO \$10,000. CLAIMS ABOVE THAT AMOUNT WOULD BE PAID ON A PRO-RATE BASIS DETERMINED BY THE AMOUNT OF FUNDS AVAILABLE.

CLAIMANTS MUST HAVE BEEN AMERICAN CITIZENS AT THE TIME OF THEIR LOSS AND, IN THE CASES OF THOSE STILL ALIVE, THEY MUST HAVE RETAINED CITIZENSHIP TO THE TIME THEY FILED CLAIMS. CORPORATE CLAIMS WOULD BE ALLOWED ONLY IF MORE THAN 50 PER CENT OF THE CORPORATION WAS OWNED BY AMERICANS.

THE BILL WOULD SET UP THESE FOUR GENERAL GROUPS OF CLAIMS:

1. FOR DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY FROM GERMAN MILITARY ACTION IN GERMANY, ALBANIA, AUSTRIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, THE FREE TERRITORY OF DANZIG, ESTONIA, GREECE, LATVIA, LITHUANIA, POLAND AND YUGOSLAVIA, AND FROM JAPANESE MILITARY ACTION IN CHINA, HONG KONG, INDONESIA, INDOCHINA AND BURMA. CLAIMS FOR LOSSES IN THE PHILIPPINES WOULD BE ALLOWABLE WHERE THE CLAIMANT RECEIVED NO COMPENSATION UNDER PREVIOUS ACTS OF CONGRESS.

2. FOR DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION OF SHIPS AND SHIP CARGOES AS A RESULT OF MILITARY ACTION.

3. FOR NET LOSSES OF INSURERS UNDER WAR-RISK INSURANCE CONTRACTS COVERING SHIPS.

4. FOR DEATH OR DISABILITY AND PROPERTY LOSSES SUFFERED BY CIVILIAN PASSENGERS ON VESSELS ATTACKED ON THE HIGH SEAS BEFORE DEC. 11, 1941.

ONE OF THE BIGGEST SEIZED ENEMY ASSETS IS NOT INVOLVED. IT IS THE GENERAL ANILINE & FILM CORP., NOW THE OBJECT OF LITIGATION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SWISS AND GERMAN INTERESTS.

THE HOUSE ALSO SENT TO THE SENATE A BILL TO PROVIDE FOR DISTRIBUTION OF \$500,000 FOR REHABILITATION OF NEEDY VICTIMS OF NAZI PERSECUTION WHO ARE LIVING IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE MONEY ALSO WOULD COME FROM SALE OF ENEMY ASSETS IN THE UNITED STATES AND SEIZED DURING WORLD WAR II.

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